- (f) Coverage of employees in positions under more than one retirement system.
 (1) If an employee occupies two or more positions each of which is under a different retirement system, the employee's coverage in each position depends upon the coverage extended to each position under each system.
- (2) If an employee is in a single position which is under more than one retirement system (because the employee's occupancy of that position permits her or him to become a member of more than one retirement system), the employee is covered when the retirement system coverage group including her or his position is covered under an agreement unless (A) he or she is not a member of the retirement system being covered and (B) he or she is a member of a retirement system which has not been covered. This rule also applies to the coverage of services in police officers' and firefighters' positions in States and interstate instrumentalities as discussed in §404.1212(c).

[53 FR 32976, Aug. 29, 1988, as amended at 61 FR 38367, July 24, 1996; 62 FR 38451, July 18, 1997]

§ 404.1207 Divided retirement system coverage groups.

- (a) General. Under section 218(d)(6)(C) of the Act certain States and under section 218(g)(2) of the Act all interstate instrumentalities may divide a retirement system based on whether the employees in positions under that system want coverage. The States having this authority are Alaska, California, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, Rhode Is-Tennessee, Texas, Vermont. Washington, and Wisconsin.
- (b) Divided retirement system coverage group. A divided retirement system coverage group is a grouping under a retirement system of positions of members of the system who voted for coverage and positions of individuals who become members of the system (the "yes" group), and positions of members of the system who did not elect coverage (the "no" group) and ineligible employees (see §404.1208). For purposes of this section for groups covered after

- 1959, the term "member" also includes individuals who have an option to become members of the retirement system but have not done so. The position of a member in the "no" group can be covered if, within two years after the agreement or modification extending coverage to the "yes" group is executed, the State provides an opportunity to transfer the position to the covered "yes" group and the individual occupying the position makes a written request for the transfer. The members of the "no" group can also be covered if, by referendum, a majority of them vote for coverage. If the majority votes for coverage, all positions of the members of the "no" group become covered. There is no further subdivision of the "no" group into those who voted for and those who voted against coverage. If the State requests, the ineligibles in the "no" group may become part of the "yes" group and have their services covered.
- (c) Referendum procedures. To divide a retirement system, the State must conduct a referendum among the system's employees. If the system is to be divided, the governor or an individual named by him must certify to the Secretary that:
- (1) The referendum was held by written ballot on the question of whether members of a retirement system wish coverage under an agreement;
- (2) All members of the retirement system at the time the vote was held had the opportunity to vote;
- (3) All members of the system on the date the notice of the referendum was issued were given at least 90 days' notice regarding the referendum;
- (4) The referendum was conducted under the supervision of the governor or agency or person designated by him; and
- (5) The retirement system was divided into two parts, one composed of positions of members of the system who voted for coverage and the other composed of the remaining positions under the retirement system.

After the referendum the State may include those members who chose coverage under its agreement as a retirement system coverage group. The State has two years from the date of

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the referendum to enter into an agreement or modification extending coverage to that group.

[53 FR 32976, Aug. 29, 1988, as amended at 70 FR 41956, July 21, 2005]

§ 404.1208 Ineligible employees.

- (a) Definition. An ineligible is an employee who, on first occupying a position under a retirement system, is not eligible for membership in that system because of a personal disqualification like age, physical condition, or length of service.
- (b) Coverage of ineligible employees. A State may, in its agreement or any modification to the agreement, provide coverage for the services of ineligible employees in one of three ways:
- (1) As part of or as an addition to an absolute coverage group;
- (2) As part of a retirement system coverage group covering all positions under the retirement system; or
- (3) As part of or as an addition to a retirement system coverage group composed of those members in positions in a retirement system who chose coverage.

§ 404.1209 Mandatorily excluded services.

Some services are mandatorily excluded from coverage under a State's agreement. They are:

- (a) Services of employees who are hired to relieve them from unemployment;
- (b) Services performed in an institution by a patient or inmate of the institution:
- (c) Transportation service subject to the Federal Insurance Contributions Act;
- (d) Certain emergency services in case of fire, storm, snow, volcano, earthquake, flood or other similar emergency; and
- (e) Services other than agricultural labor or student services which would be excluded from coverage if performed for a private employer.
- (f) Services covered under section 210(a)(7)(F) of the Act. (See \$404.1200(b).)

[53 FR 32976, Aug. 29, 1988, as amended at 57 FR 59911, Dec. 17, 1992]

§ 404.1210 Optionally excluded services.

Certain services and positions may, if the State requests it, be excluded from coverage. These exclusions may be applied on a statewide basis or selectively by coverage groups. They are:

- (a) Services in any class or classes of elective positions;
- (b) Services in any class or classes of part-time positions;
- (c) Services in any class or classes of positions where the pay is on a fee basis:
- (d) Any agricultural labor or student services which would also be excluded if performed for a private employer; and
- (e) For modifications executed after 1994, services performed by election officials or election workers if the payments for those services in a calendar year are less than \$1000 for calendar years after 1994 and before 2000, or, for calendar years after 1999, are less than the \$1000 base amount as adjusted pursuant to section 218(c)(8)(B) of the Act to reflect changes in wages in the economy. We will publish this adjustment of the \$1000 base amount in the FEDERAL REGISTER on or before November 1 preceding the year for which the adjustment is made.

[53 FR 32976, Aug. 29, 1988, as amended at 61 FR 38367, July 24, 1996]

§ 404.1211 Interstate instrumentalities.

For Social Security coverage purposes under section 218 of the Act, interstate instrumentalities are treated, to the extent practicable, as States, that is:

- (a) They must be legally authorized to enter into an agreement with the Commissioner;
- (b) They are subject to the same rules that are applied to the States;
- (c) They may divide retirement systems and cover only the positions of members who want coverage; and
- (d) They may provide coverage for firefighters and police officers in positions under a retirement system.

[53 FR 32976, Aug. 29, 1988, as amended at 61 FR 38368, July 24, 1996; 62 FR 38451, July 18,